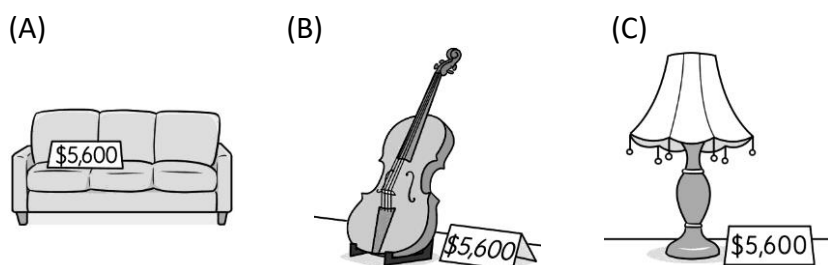
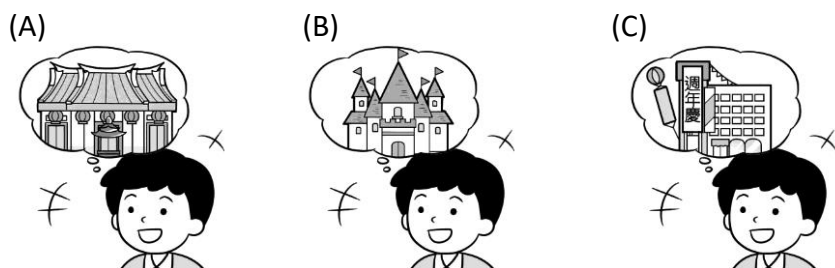


一、聽力部分：(每題 2 分，共 20 分。)

I. (辨識句意)-根據聽到的內容，選出正確的圖片代碼：



II、(基本問答)-根據聽到的內容，選出合適的回應：

- ( ) 06、(A) Of course. (B) Be happy. (C) Don't be sad.  
 ( ) 07、(A) People there are friendly. (B) It only takes five minutes. (C) Yes, they like to visit Taipei 101.  
 ( ) 08、(A) It is delicious. (B) I like to drink milk tea. (C) It's not good for my health.  
 ( ) 09、(A) It took him a month. (B) I want to travel by car. (C) The island is really beautiful.  
 ( ) 10、(A) It's convenient. (B) I'm so proud of you. (C) Don't worry. Just be careful.

二、綜合選擇。(每題 2 分，共 30 分。)

- ( ) 11、I \_\_\_\_ eighteen years old next month. (A) be (B) will (C) will be (D) am going to  
 ( ) 12、It is difficult for them \_\_\_\_\_ this story. (A) understand (B) to understand (C) understood (D) understanding  
 ( ) 13、A: \_\_\_\_\_ did it \_\_\_\_\_ to book the train tickets on this app (應用程式)?  
 B: Only three minutes.  
 (A)How much; spend (B)How long; take (C)How often; cost (D)How; spend  
 ( ) 14、Jenny's table is always clean. She always \_\_\_\_\_ much time \_\_\_\_\_ it.  
 (A)takes; clean (B) pays; to clean (C) costs; cleaned (D) spends; cleaning  
 ( ) 15、We have to take enough rice with us. \_\_\_\_\_ is hard to get food in the mountains. (A) This (B) That (C) It (D) There  
 ( ) 16、There \_\_\_\_ two basketball games in our school gym next weekend. (A) will be (B) is (C) are (D) is going to be

- ( ) 17、\_\_\_\_\_ English newspapers is a good way to learn new words. If you read them more often, you will make great progress(進步) in English. (A) Reads (B) Read (C) Being read (D) Reading
- ( ) 18、Jessica \_\_\_\_\_ five hundred dollars on English books last month. (A) cost (B) took (C) spent (D) paid
- ( ) 19、How much do these toy cars \_\_\_\_\_ ? (A) cost (B) spent (C) take (D) spend
- ( ) 20、Eric and Leo \_\_\_\_\_ going to \_\_\_\_\_ the guitar tomorrow. They have to prepare for their tests.  
(A) are; will play (B) are; play (C) won't; played (D) aren't; play
- ( ) 21、The cute elephants \_\_\_\_\_ many people to the zoo. (A) eats (B) make (C) draw (D) brings
- ( ) 22、It is hard to live alone (獨自) in a \_\_\_\_\_ country because of food and culture (文化) differences (差異).  
(A) friendly (B) foreign (C) far (D) free
- ( ) 23、A: How's your school life \_\_\_\_\_?  
B: Everything is okay.  
(A) just now (B) so long (C) so far (D) before
- ( ) 24、On holidays, many \_\_\_\_\_ like to travel to Tainan. They can have delicious food and have fun there.  
(A) waiters (B) visitors (C) child (D) student
- ( ) 25、\_\_\_\_\_ a mask (口罩) when you go to the hospital (醫院). (A) By wearing (B) To wear (C) Wearing (D) Wear
- 三、克漏字測驗。(每題 2 分，共 16 分。)

I.

I am working in Korea now. I didn't go home for three years. I miss my parents a lot. Chinese New Year is around the corner. It's time for all Chinese families to get together and celebrate. Next Monday, I will fly back to Taiwan and \_\_\_\_\_(26)\_\_\_\_\_ there for one month. During the Chinese New Year, my parents and I \_\_\_\_\_(27)\_\_\_\_\_ a trip to Kenting. I went there many times before, and it's a good place to visit again. If (如果) the weather is fine, I may have a good chance to swim and even surf. I think we \_\_\_\_\_(28)\_\_\_\_\_ a wonderful vacation there.

- ( ) 26、(A) stay (B) stayed (C) staying (D) have stayed
- ( ) 27、(A) take (B) took (C) will take (D) is going to take
- ( ) 28、(A) will going to have (B) will have (C) having (D) had

II.

KBS NEWS

By Leila Benson

Oct. 30, 2020

The most popular pizza restaurant in Brno City, Pizzarea, always thinks hard about bringing people new pizza flavors. Pizzarea is world-famous because of its strange pizza flavors, such as "Pork Rice Pizzas and Milk Tea Pizzas". Their pizza flavors \_\_\_\_\_(29)\_\_\_\_\_ really interesting. People in Brno City even have a group on Facebook to talk about their favorite pizza flavors.

What's more, they announced an exciting piece of news today: Next year, people in Brno City \_\_\_\_\_(30)\_\_\_\_\_ able to enjoy the "Fried Noodle Pizza" in Pizzarea. "We hope to bring people the best pizza," said a worker in Pizzarea, "We plan \_\_\_\_\_(31)\_\_\_\_\_ with another popular restaurant in Brno City, Bancooti, to make the new pizza taste great. Lots of people in the city are very excited about the news.

\_\_\_\_\_ (32) \_\_\_\_\_, it is not so exciting for Italians to put food like pork rice or noodles on pizzas. As people from the home of pizza, the Italians are not happy about the new flavors of Pizzarea. Many of them attack the strange ideas of making pizzas on the Internet every day. Pizzarea is not afraid of their attacks. They want to keep \_\_\_\_\_(33)\_\_\_\_\_ people funny and strange pizzas.

flavor 口味 such as 例如 announce 宣布 Italian 義大利人 attack 攻擊

- ( ) 29、(A) is (B) was (C) were (D) are
- ( ) 30、(A) will be (B) were going to (C) were (D) is
- ( ) 31、(A) working (B) to work (C) worked (D) to working
- ( ) 32、(A) For example (B) What's more (C) When it comes to (D) However
- ( ) 33、(A) bringing (B) brought (C) to bring (D) to be bringing

四、閱讀測驗。(每題 3 分，共 18 分。)

I.

To stay more focused on work, some people may go out of their offices and find suitable places such as a café, a restaurant or even at home to do their work. It is common to see a café full of people talking, drinking, and listening to music. These people seem to be having fun, but actually, they are working. Some are busy talking about their plans, and some are using their computers to share good ideas.

However, these people don't work for the same company. Instead, they just share the same place and work on their own. This is now called "co-working". The word, co-working, was invented by Brad Neuberg in 2005. The first "co-working" place was in the US. This kind of co-working place is found all over the world now.

One day if you see some people stay at a café, they may not chat with friends but do their work.

stay focused 保持專注      suitable 合適的      such as 例如      full of 充滿      seem 似乎      company 公司  
instead 相反地      invent 發明

( ) 34、Which is the best title for the reading?

(A) A New Way to Work. (B) A Plan for Working. (C) Working with Coffee. (D) Going to Work with Friends.

( ) 35、Which of the following is **NOT** true about the idea of "co-working"?

(A) People can listen to music while working. (B) You may see "co-working" in cafés in many countries.  
(C) People do "co-working" when they work for the same company. (D) The idea of "co-working" came from the US.

II.

You are just like our mother.  
Every day you watch us walk in in the morning  
And say goodbye to us in the late afternoon.

You sing beautifully and happily  
To tell us it's time to learn new things.  
You always know when we are tired,  
So you sing again to tell our teachers it's time for a break.

We spend so much time with you.  
We learn, we play, and we eat lunch,  
We meet new teachers and new classmates,  
We make friends, and we have fun.  
In the classrooms, by the pond, or on the playground,  
We've spent so much time with you.  
But in our mind,  
There were only friends and teachers,  
And we seldom think of you.

Now it's time to say goodbye to you.  
I look around  
And finally realize you are always here.  
Looking at us with joy and love,  
Watching us grow and become more mature every day.  
I know it's hard for you to see us leave.  
Wait for us!  
We'll come back and get together with you again.

realize 意識到      mature 成熟

( ) 36、Who is the speaker talking to? (A) A library. (B) A bookstore. (C) A bus. (D) A school.

( ) 37、What does the speaker think of "you" in the song? (A) Serious. (B) Funny. (C) Kind. (D) Wise.

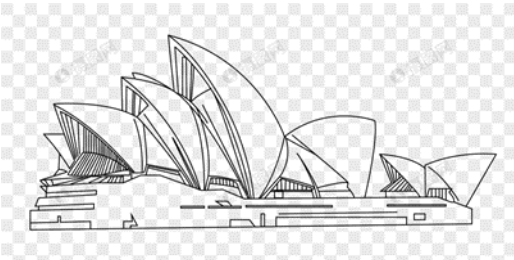
III.

Sydney Opera House looks like a sailing ship in full sail on the water. Jorn Utzon, a designer from Denmark, designed the Opera House when he was only 38 years old. After his design stood out from 233 designs, a group of engineers along with him started to build the Opera House in 1957. At first, Utzon said, “I will spend four years building the Opera House.” Actually, he finished it in 1973.

It took so many years to finish it because the design faced a big problem. Utzon tried very hard to deal with it. One morning, he came into his office with an orange. While peeling the orange, he suddenly understood one thing. The idea of building shell roof could come from the sphere. At last, he made it. And the self-cleaning roof made Sydney Opera House a special building. Besides, the Opera House was the first example of the use of the computer analysis to design its shape.

Sydney Opera House has about 1000 rooms. It is a great place for people to see different kinds of shows. You can also enjoy lunch and dinner at the restaurants there. Every year, over 7 million people visit Sydney Opera House. No wonder it is one of the most famous buildings in the world.

Sydney Opera House 雪梨歌劇院      stand out 突出、出眾  
full sail 滿帆    design 設計    deal with 處理    peel 剝    roof 屋頂  
shell 房屋的骨架    sphere 球體      at last 最後    analysis 分析



( )38、Lisa and her family went to Sydney Opera House last Sunday. Which is part of Lisa’s diary(日記) of a trip to Sydney Opera House?

- |  |
|--|
| (A) ... It was fun to go sailing with my family. I saw many kinds of fishes during the trip. Besides, I also fed the sea birds on the boat.                      |
| (B) ... Jorn Utzon built the building one hundred years ago. The building became a restaurant last year. I enjoyed great food and wonderful music there.         |
| (C) ... We saw a singer singing beside the museum. Her voice was so beautiful and she drew us to listen to her singing.  |
| (D) ... It looked really beautiful from the boat-like building. I watched a great show there. I even ate dinner at the restaurant inside the beautiful building. |

( )39、Which is true?

- (A) Visitors enjoy peel oranges when visiting Sydney Opera House.
- (B) They couldn’t build Sydney Opera House without the computer.
- (C) It took four years to build Sydney Opera House.
- (D) Sydney Opera House is the largest building in the world.

**手寫作答部分**：(共 16 分)請將答案寫在下方**答案卷**上，並寫上班級、姓名、座號。

五、字彙中翻英。(每題 1 分，共 8 分。)

1. 地震	2. 颱風	3. 公寓	4. 忘記
5. 夢想	6. 車站	7. 祈求，禱告	8. 景色

六、依提示作答。(每題 2 分，共 4 分，錯一處扣一分。)

- 1. Yes, she will go to Japan in March. (造原問句。)
- 2. It’s easy for students to use computers. (用動名詞當主詞改寫句子。)

七、引導式翻譯填充：(每格 1 分，共 4 分。)

1. 在大都市像臺北或高雄，他們幾乎可以坐快速且舒服的捷運去到任何地點。

In big \_\_\_\_ (1) \_\_\_\_ (2) \_\_\_\_ Taipei and Kaohsiung, they can go almost anywhere with the fast and \_\_\_\_ (3) \_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_.

答案卷

班級：\_\_\_\_\_ 座號：\_\_\_\_\_ 姓名：\_\_\_\_\_

手 寫 分 數  (16)		讀 卡 分 數  (84)		總   分  (100)	
------------------------------	--	------------------------------	--	-----------------------------	--

I. 字彙中翻英:每題 1 分，共 8 分。

1. 地震	2. 颱風	3. 公寓	4. 忘記
5. 夢想	6. 車站	7. 祈求，禱告	8. 景色

II. 依提示作答: 每題 2 分，共 4 分。錯一處扣 1 分。

1.	
2.	

III. 引導式翻譯填充: 每格 1 分，共 4 分。

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
-----	-----	-----	-----