

一、聽力測驗 (20 %)：每題 2 分

(一)、基本問答：每題均有三個選項，請依據所聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的回應

1. (A) Yes, I'll start a new chapter of my life.
(B) Yes, I am looking up the information about it.
(C) No, it's unbelievable that I can get into the university.
2. (A) Yes, and she returned it yesterday.
(B) Yes, she has placed the order for it.
(C) Yes, but neither of us were correct.
3. (A) Yes. It's not safe to get too close to them.
(B) Yes. We should do our best to protect them.
(C) Yes. I can smell their special odor from far away.
4. (A) Yes, it is only a beginning.
(B) Yes, he is a very good climber.
(C) Yes, he will walk through the forest.
5. (A) I have to earn people's respect.
(B) I never take the elevator.
(C) I read it online.

(二)、言談理解：每題均有三個選項，請依據所聽到的對話與問題，選出一個最適當的答案

6. (A) They're going to a movie theater.
(B) They're going to watch a movie online.
(C) They're going to place an order on the Internet.
7. (A) He wants to know who fixed the landlines.
(B) He wants to know who created the first telephone.
(C) He wants to know who hunted the elephant.
8. (A) She did not pack anything in the backpack.
(B) She did not have any good memories in the forest.
(C) She chose not to go through the forest this time.
9. (A) She doesn't like the food odor from the meal.
(B) The food will become smelly unless she puts it away soon.
(C) Lots of insects will come unless she cleans up the table right away.
10. (A) Having an interview.
(B) Complaining about her job.
(C) Drawing people to buy products.

二、字彙及文法測驗 (54 %)：每題 3 分

11. Mr. Wu asked his students to practice the exercise in their _____ in class.
(A) comic books (B) storybooks (C) workbooks (D) yearbooks
12. A lot of foreigners enjoy using _____ to make lanterns as decorations on Halloween.
(A) plants (B) pumpkins (C) vegetables (D) strawberries
13. My cousin is going to join a _____ conference (會議) on ocean pollution in Penghu next month.
(A) successful (B) powerful (C) national (D) stressful
14. It is not _____ to ask only some of those students to do homework. (A) stair (B) share (C) air (D) fair
15. Albert Einstein (愛因斯坦) is one of the greatest _____ in the 20th century.
(A) scientists (B) artists (C) backpackers (D) computer engineers

16. More and more teenagers use Facebook or LINE to _____ with their friends.
(A) keep touch (B) stay touch (C) keep contact (D) get in touch
17. Emily will spend all the money he made last year _____ a new scooter for her brother.
(A) bought (B) to buy (C) buy (D) buying
18. Joan dances the most _____ of all because she practices _____ harder than the others.
(A) surprisingly; very (B) beautifully; much (C) friendly; far (D) best; even
19. The music teacher looked _____ at that time. She looked _____ at each of us.
(A) angry; angry (B) angry; angrily (C) angrily; angry (D) angrily; angrily
20. At dinner time, I often like to tell my parents everything _____ at school.
(A) what happened (B) was happening (C) that happened (D) which happening
21. We _____ Uncle Sam for a long time, so we visited him last Saturday.
(A) hadn't seen (B) haven't seen (C) don't see (D) wouldn't see
22. You will find _____ you visit Ben's house. His furniture is mostly of technology.
(A) interesting something; if (B) anything interesting; after (C) interesting anything; before (D) something interesting; if
23. _____ Peter has to give up the running race _____ he broke his left leg several days ago.
(A) X; because (B) So; X (C) Because; so (D) X; so
24. A: Will you still be here this afternoon? B: Yeah, I think I'll stay _____ six. Then, I'll leave for dinner.
(A) during (B) for (C) since (D) until
25. Mom told me yesterday evening _____ we would go to the Food Festival. My sister and I felt very _____.
(A) whether; excite (B) that; exciting (C) if; excited (D) that; excited
26. The actress became tired of talking about the movie _____ after he was interviewed about it many times.
(A) she is famous (B) that she is famous (C) she is famous for (D) that is famous for
27. A: I saw David in our teacher's office this morning. Do you know _____ he was there?
B: He cheated on tests again and again.
(A) why (B) whether (C) where (D) when
28. A: Sorry, I can't go window shopping with you this weekend. B: _____ I can go by myself.
(A) Are you kidding? (B) No big deal. (C) It's in my blood. (D) It's on me.

三、克漏字測驗 (14 %) : 每題 2 分

(29~32)

White spirit bears are big beautiful bears that can only be found in the forests in Canada. That is 29 so many people come a long way just to see one of these bears. However, they only have a rare chance to spot one because the number of white spirit bears is dropping. The reason is that the forests they live in are 30 smaller and smaller. People are worried that 31 we don't do something to save these bears, they may be extinct 32.

◎ rare 稀有的 spot 發現 drop 下降 reason 原因 extinct 滅絕

29. (A) which (B) where (C) whom (D) why
30. (A) beginning (B) becomeing (C) getting (D) feeling
31. (A) if (B) even if (C) unless (D) although
32. (A) fast (B) soon (C) quickly (D) hurry

(33~35)

Since we were little kids, we 33 to tell different colors with their names. It's not very difficult for most of us because our eyes can see the different colors clearly.

But for color-blind people, things may be quite different. They are almost all in fact red-green colorblind, but that doesn't mean they can't see red or green. Though they can see the two colors, they have trouble 34 the difference between them when the colors are weak or mixed with other colors.

Luckily, a pair of special sunglasses may become their light of hope. EnChroma glasses 35 color-blind people tell the colors easily. The special glasses can help the color-blind people tell different colors easily.

☺ tell 分辨 colorblind 色盲

33. (A) learned (B) had learned (C) have learned (D) learn

34. (A) tell (B) told (C) to tell (D) telling

35. (A) used to help (B) used to helping (C) are used to help (D) are used to helping

四、閱讀測驗 (12 %)：每題 2 分

(36~37)

Wonderland is the hometown of minifishers. Because the winter there is chilly, they go to warmer places for the winter and go back home the next spring to have their babies. Every year, hundreds of minifishers visit Starland. They stay there with their families for several months. They usually sleep during the daytime and wake up in the evening to look for food. Small fish are their favorite.

Minifishers were first found in Starland one hundred years ago. Now Starland has become their most important stopping place for the winter. However, this could change soon because people in Starland are thinking of building factories near the minifishers' winter home. Minifishers are shy and do not easily change the way they live. Can we do something to help these friends from the sky? Although making money is important, people in Starland should understand the lives of other animals are important, too. Let's cooperate to help them as soon as possible.

☺ hometown 家鄉 chilly 寒冷的 cooperate 合作

36. What may a minifisher be?

(A) A factory worker.

(B) A smelly animal.

(C) A kind of fish.

(D) A bird.

37. What does this mean in the second paragraph (段落)?

(A) The winter home of minifishers will be moved.

(B) Starland is a good place for minifishers to spend the winter.

(C) Minifishers were first found in Starland one hundred years ago.

(D) Building factories near Starland will scare away the minifishers.

(38~39)

Read the poem below and answer the questions.

<p>Good morning, Mr. Sunshine, How did you wake so soon? You scared away the little stars, And shone away the moon! I saw you go to sleep last night Before I stopped my play. How did you get back overhead To shine on me today?</p>	<p>I didn't go to sleep, dear child, I just went round to see The little children of the world Who watch and wait for me. I shine on the little birds And flowers on my way, And then I come back overhead To shine on you today.</p>
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☺ scare 把....嚇跑 overhead 在天空 / 頭頂

38. There are two speakers in this poem. Who are they?
- (A) The star and the bird. (B) The sun and the child.
(C) The moon and the star. (D) The bird and the flower.
39. What can we learn from the poem?
- (A) The moon and stars were the sun's good friends.
(B) The sun traveled around the world with the child.
(C) The sun shines brightly on everyone and everything.
(D) The children of the world don't want the sun to show up.

(40~41)

We all have seen rainbows after the rain or near waterfalls during the day, but do you know there are rainbows at night? Night rainbows are known as “moonbows.” Sunlight leads to rainbows, however, moonlight leads to moonbows.

We seldom see moonbows because they only happen once in a blue moon. The weather has to be just right for moonbows. To watch moonbows appear, a bright full moon is needed, and the moon has to be very low in the sky. The night sky must be very dark, and of course, there are water drops in the air.

Moonbows have the same colors as rainbows. However, moonbows appear to be white to naked eyes. This is because their colors are not bright enough thanks to the weak moonlight. The best way of seeing moonbows is to use a camera. If you want to take photos of a moonbow, the best place is by the waterfall. One of the most famous places in the world is Yosemite National Park, USA.

If you are lucky enough to see a moonbow, do not take your eyes off it! Moonbows are quite brief, so when you look back, they might already be gone.

☺ waterfall 瀑布 naked eye 肉眼 brief 短暫

40. What does once in a blue moon mean in the reading?
- (A) Not very often.
(B) Not very full.
(C) Not very bright.
(D) Not very dark.
41. Which is true about rainbows and moonbows?
- (A) Rainbows have more colors than moonbows.
(B) A rainbow appears during the day, but a moonbow happens at night.
(C) Sunlight leads to moonbows; moonlight leads to rainbows.
(D) We see a rainbow when the moon is low in the sky, but we see a moonbow when the sky is very dark.